

## HOAR AND TILLMAN.

## THESE SENATORS LOCK HORNS ON THE SUGAR TRUST.

The Debate in the Senate Continued on the Sugar Schedule—The Proposed Amendment Decreasing the Differential—Senator Tillman Insists Upon His Sugar Trust Investigation—A Monster Petition for Cuban Recognition in the House.

## SENATE.

Washington, June 14.—When the tariff bill was taken up Senator Allison obtained an agreement that the daily sessions of the senate begin at 11 o'clock a. m., on and after Wednesday next. This was conditional on the fact that the senate adjourn each afternoon at 5 o'clock.

Senator Allen, of Nebraska, then reverted to the colloquy, last Saturday, in which he held that the right and duty of the government was to take legal steps to dissolve the sugar trust. He argued that injunction, quo warranto, and other legal process could be invoked against the trust. He next spoke in favor of abrogating the Hawley treaty.

Senator Pettigrew, of South Dakota, followed in support of his amendment proposing that articles made by a trust be put on the free list. He asserted that it was a serious question how the present "government by the trusts, and for the trusts" could be thrown off.

When Senator Pettigrew concluded, the senate was brought back to the pending amendment by Senator Lindsay, to strike out the distinction as to the Dutch standard, in the first paragraph of the sugar schedule, placing all sugars on an equality at 1 cent per pound and three hundredths of a cent additional for every degree above 75. The amendment was defeated.

Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, offered his amendment for the appointment of a commission of five members to investigate into the subject of sugar production and the best means of supplying the American market at the least cost.

Senator Allison suggested that this was such an important question that it should be considered by the finance committee.

Senator Hoar agreed to the reference of the amendment to the committee and this was done.

Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, then answered Senator Hoar. He said he had the deepest respect for the majority of the senate from Massachusetts. But perhaps he had become callous in his long service, as was indicated by the statement that the best people of both parties treated with contempt the statements that there was irregularity in making the sugar schedule. But, said Senator Tillman, when published statements were made that senators were in touch with sugar barons, when circumstantial evidence was at hand that a huge monopoly levied tribute on the public, that the American people were helpless in the grasp of this octopus, then it was strange indeed, that any senator should assert that the people treat with contempt these charges. On the contrary, he declared, the people wanted an investigation; they wanted the honor of the senate vindicated or the men who stand at the head of the sugar trust.

Senator Tillman said, he had contemplated an amendment to Senator Hoar's proposition so that the commission would not only inquire into the mere machinery of sugar making but also "whether the sugar trust has used undue means to control legislation, to get at the root of how it is, and why it is that the American senate can't touch sugar without getting contaminated."

Turning to the South Carolina senator, Senator Hoar said there were some men who seemed to think that drawn beneath the body, there was a great mass of seething people eager for extremes. He knew the character, purposes, and opinions of the men who get their living from the farms and factories of Massachusetts. He had sprung from a yeoman, his associations had been with that class and he knew what they were thinking about. "They are" he proceeded impressively, "simple, sincere, honest, liberty-loving, God fearing men. They thing no evil, and the appeal to vile passions falls on deaf ears with them."

"Will the senator permit me?" broke in Senator Tillman.

Senator Hoar went on without pausing. "The men who make up the farms and factories were the same throughout," he said. Their kinsmen had turned westward, building up a new empire there, a larger and a more glorious New England. "And," he held, "concluded Senator Hoar, 'that the great body of these people, these charges are not only preposterous, but infamous.'"

Senator Tillman again was ready with a reply. As to the seething mass of ignorance as the senator from Massachusetts had denigrated the masses, said Senator Tillman.

But the Massachusetts senator promptly interrupted him. "I deny that statement," said Senator Hoar. "I said just the contrary and my statement is pervaded."

"Very well," answered Senator Tillman. "You are the last man I would be willing to misrepresent to his face." While he claimed no special mission, he went on, yet he claimed to have come from the farm and from the people, and to have come to the senate more recently than the Massachusetts senator. He knew, he said, "that the only thing infamous in this transaction, in the view of the people, was the refusal to investigate," and this effort to "hide behind the senatorial toga." If the senate persisted in this, then it was disgraced before the people. Public charges had been made that bribery was abroad in connection with this subject. "And unless you investigate, you stand convicted," asserted the senator.

After this diverting incident the senate came back to the bill and Senator Lindsay moved to strike out 1.5 cents and insert 1.5 cents as the rate on sugar.

This drew from Senator Allison an animated defense of the paragraph. The senate paragraph differed from the original provision, he said, in only one particular, viz: the substitution of 1.5 for 1.875, which difference amounted to only 7 1/2 cents per 100 pounds. He asserted that the ascending scale of three hundredths of a cent on each degree above 75 was not an excessive benefit to the refiner.

When Senator Allison referred to the fact that the committee had pursued very largely the course of the democratic finance committee, Senator Tillman came in with the remark: "Do

you emulate or imitate the villainies indulged in by your democratic colleagues three years ago?"

"I did not indulge in epithets. I did not say villainy," answered Senator Allison. "No, I said it," responded Senator Tillman.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

In the area in front of the speaker's rostrum when the house met today, was a monster petition appealing to congress to recognize the Cuban insurgents as belligerents. It contained over 6,000,000 signatures. The petition was wound about the hub of a wheel framed so as to allow it to freely revolve. It had been in circulation throughout the United States for about six months, and was sent to Congressman Sulzer, of New York, for presentation to congress by Franz Mayer, a resident of his district.

Without transacting any business, the house adjourned until Thursday.

## REPUBLICAN SENATORS

In Caucus Discuss the Hawaiian Treaty, Bounty on Beet Sugar and Anti-Trust Amendments to the Tariff Bill.

Washington, June 14.—The republican senators were in caucus for more than three hours tonight and when adjournment was reached, not very much progress had been made. The Hawaiian treaty proposition was passed over to be considered at another caucus, as several senators expressed the opinion that if it was true that a treaty of annexation was to be sent in, it would be absurd to enact legislation looking to the abrogation of the treaty of reciprocity. Senators who were aware of the progress of the annexation treaty did not feel at liberty to give the caucus full information. Although there was much reticence observed, it was believed the president would be consulted tomorrow on the subject of the proposed treaty.

The caucus was in session from 8 until 11:30 o'clock and three propositions were under consideration. These were:

"The question of what to do with the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty, the advisability of giving a bounty on beet sugar, and the question of an anti-trust amendment."

The Hawaiian treaty question was passed over, the sugar bounty proposition was withdrawn and the anti-trust amendment was referred to the republican members of the judiciary committee.

The Hawaiian question was the first matter taken up after the caucus opened. This subject had been referred to the finance committee, and Senator Allison, speaking on behalf of the committee, said that it had been deemed advisable to pass the matter on account of the strong probability of more important happenings in connection with Hawaii. He did not speak in terms of an annexation treaty, but he said that it was to be presumed that senators had read the afternoon report of the Associated Press. He was understood by all the senators present to refer to the report that a treaty of annexation had been negotiated, and Senator Frye, speaking in behalf of the friends of the reciprocity treaty, said that in view of these developments, they were satisfied to have the subject postponed until further developments in connection with the general question of our future relations to Hawaii.

The proposition of a beet sugar bounty was then broached by Senator Gear, of Iowa, who proposed that a bounty be given of 1/2 cent per pound per annum, decreasing at the rate of 1 cent a year for five years, when the bounty should cease.

The suggestion was opposed by several eastern senators, as being based upon an objectionable system. It was supported by Senators Gear, Thurston and Shoup.

There was such determined opposition to the bounty plan that Senator Gear first reduced the figure to 1/4 cent a pound and then withdrew it entirely without risking a vote on it.

The principal speech on the question of the advisability of an anti-trust amendment affecting the entire bill, which was the next major take up, was made by Senator Carter, of Montana, who moved that the subject be referred to the republican members of the judiciary committee with instructions to investigate the question thoroughly with the view of deciding what action could be taken to limit trusts within the bounds of the federal constitutional limitations. The Pettigrew amendment and the Nelson amendments, the latter senator having two on the trusts, were before the caucus and there was an evident desire on the part of some of the senators, especially Senator Nelson, to have immediate action.

## Grand Masonic Meeting.

London, June 14.—The Masonic meeting at the Royal Albert hall this afternoon, in commemoration of the queen's diamond jubilee, was a notable function. The hall was filled with over 10,000 Free Masons in gorgeous regalia. The prince of Wales and the duke of Connaught arrived at 4 o'clock, preceded by trumpeters sounding fanfares. When they entered the hall the organ played a grand, professional march and all present rose to their feet. The grand officers lined up aisle to the dais. The prince of Wales, as grand master of England, followed by an imposing staff composed of grand officers, moved to the sound of the majestic music to his throne, where, surrounded by a brilliant phalanx of officers, he was received and greeted in the united form of salutation reserved for his high station. The prince then addressed the audience and announced that the admission fees for the ceremony amounted to £7,000 (\$35,000), half of which would go to the prince of Wales hospital fund and the other half to the different Masonic charities. The duke of Connaught moved an address to the queen in behalf of the Masons and it was carried with loud applause, after which the whole assemblage joined in singing the national anthem, to the accompaniment of the organ.

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## DEATH TO FELIX FAURE.

## ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE THE PRESIDENT OF FRANCE.

A Tube Charged With Powder Exploded Near His Carriage While Going to the Races—No one Injured—At the Place of Explosion are Found Pistol and Knife Engraved "Mort a Felix Faure"—A Supposed Accomplice Seized in the Crowd.

Paris, June 13.—(Sunday).—An attempt was made today to assassinate Felix Faure, president of the French republic, while he was en route to Long Champs to witness the horse race for the Grand Prix of Paris.

While M. Faure's carriage was passing a thick net near La Cascade restaurant, in the Bois de Boulogne, a bomb, which subsequently proved to be a piece of tubing about six inches long and two inches in diameter, with a thickness of half an inch, charged with powder and swan shot, exploded. No one was injured by the explosion. A man in the crowd suspected as the prime mover was arrested. He gave his name as Gallet and made only the briefest replies to questions put to him by the police.

Gallet said that he had no occupation, but resided at Levallois-Perret. The police are making a thorough search of his lodgings.

He is believed to be insane, for he shouted as the carriage passed along so loudly as to attract general attention in the crowd. The police have also made another arrest, in this case a youth, but it is thought probable that the actual culprit escaped in the thick.

The news of the attempt spread like wild-fire through the city, and when M. Faure returned to the Elysee the streets along the route where it was known he would drive were crowded with people, who cheered him vociferously.

The bomb was a clumsily made affair, to which a piece of fuse was attached, and the fuse was probably lighted by a paper fixed in the end of a stick as soon as the head of the procession came into view. The presumption is that at the moment the fuse was lighted the culprit fled, and in any case the bomb could not have done much harm.

In the thick where the police found the remnants of the bomb they found also a pistol upon which was engraved the words: "Mort a Felix Faure" and the names Alsace-Lorraine and Cologne. Near the pistol was a small dagger bearing a similar threatening inscription, and a few feet away the police found a newspaper with a cartoon grossly insulting to the president. This cartoon had an offensive inscription hinting at the execution of M. Faure.

Several persons have stated to the police that the moment the explosion occurred a man was seen to run swiftly into the thick, but reports of this character are likely to be mere conjecture.

The correspondent of the Associated Press had an interview with an official who was riding with M. Faure. The official said:

"When the report was heard a dense cloud of smoke arose from the thick and there was consternation until it was found that no one had been injured. The police sprang forward, but found the thick deserted. When the crowd saw one of the policemen holding the bomb they jumped to the conclusion that he was the perpetrator of the outrage and handled him roughly, clanking him with heavy walking sticks and umbrellas, until his comrades rescued him, badly bruised and covered with blood. The president's cortege then proceeded to the race course."

## M. FAURE'S SELF-CONTROL.

London, June 14.—The Paris correspondent of The Daily News says:

M. Faure behaved with perfect self-command and continued to bow right and left to the crowd after the explosion. He was not at all disturbed. The bomb exploded at 2:50 o'clock p. m. in the avenue des Accacias, at the far end, where this fashionable drive issues from the shelter of sycamores and plane trees into the broad daylight at Longchamps Plain. The roadway had been clear for some time. The presidential escort was led by two dragons, holding their pistols forward in the most threatening way. Then came a large body of dragons, and after them, in the midst of a cloud of dust, the president's open carriage, with outriders. The president was accompanied by his wife, while in another carriage were his two daughters, Mlle. Lucie Faure and Mme. Berge.

The horses attached to M. Faure's carriage reared wildly at the explosion but were whipped on by Montjarrat's vigorous arm. Rousteaux, the detective, who was always with the president, rushed forward and grappled with a man, but was immediately set upon by a half dozen persons in the crowd, probably accomplices of the would-be assassin. The crowd mistook the detective for an anarchist and were about to lynch him. He was beaten, kicked, and thrown up and not rescued by the police until bleeding and unconscious from the terrible beating.

## A HISTORIC SPOT.

Paris, June 13.—Today's attempt on the life of M. Faure was made on the very spot where Berezowsky tried to shoot the czar while driving to the military review at Longchamps in 1867, and where Francis, a lunatic, last year fired his revolver at M. Faure on July 14th.

Having this in mind, the police took extra precautions. Special officers were detailed to watch suspects and to search houses known to be the resorts of dangerous characters.

Paris, June 14.—This afternoon the police found a second tube, filled with powder and scrap iron, near the scene of yesterday's explosion when the life of President Faure was endangered. They are of the opinion that the miscreant is the man who placed explosive tubes of a similar character in the Place de la Concorde during the recent visit of Emperor Nicholas.

## Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits.

T. R. Anthony, Ex-Postmaster of Promise City, Iowa, says: "I bought one bottle of 'Mystic Cure' for Rheumatism, and two doses of it did me more good than any medicine I ever took." 75 cents and \$1.00. Sold by J. H. Hardin, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

## FINAL RATIFICATION

Of the Boundary Treaty Between England and Venezuela—The Connection of Our Government With the Matter Ended.

Washington, June 14.—The final ratification of the boundary treaty between Great Britain and Venezuela was exchanged at the state department at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The occasion was marked with some formality. The scene was the diplomatic reception room in the state department, in which the original treaty between Sir Julian Pauncefote and Secretary Olney was signed last December and where on February 2nd last, the present treaty was signed by the British ambassador and the Venezuelan minister. Today there were present in the room Sir Julian, Senator Andrade, the Venezuelan minister and his secretary of legation; Acting Secretary of State Day and Assistant Secretary Thomas Cridler, who has been instrumental in framing the various treaties, protocols and other writings connected with the treaty. What remained to be done today was to exchange the copies of the treaties held by each party, and to sign what is known as the exchange protocols. For this purpose Senator Andrade brought along the same magnificent golden penholder with its eagle quill and diamond studded heart, that had been used last February to sign the original drafts of the treaties. This pen is the property of the brother of the minister and was made for this particular purpose. It will be sent to Venezuela now that it has fulfilled its functions, not to be used again, but to be preserved as a relic.

When the signing was over and each of the names held the exchange copies of the treaties, there was a mutual exchange of congratulations and Mr. Cridler was thanked for the pains he had taken to prepare all the documents for the occasion. The treaty now becomes binding upon both governments, Great Britain and Venezuela, and they must at once begin the preparation of the cases to be submitted to the arbitrators who will meet in Paris for organization, probably some time next winter.

With today's ceremony the connection of the United States government with the negotiations ceases, and the two governments will be left to work out the boundary dispute to a conclusion, unless there should be some totally unexpected interruption in the workings of the machinery which has been so carefully prepared to ensure a settlement of this celebrated cause.

## Sale of the Raleigh Tribune.

(Special to The Messenger.) Raleigh, N. C., June 14.—The Tribune at the sheriff's sale today brought as a whole \$1,365. The buyer was Alf. A. Thompson, of Raleigh. Other bidders were Josephus Daniels and C. B. Poland. The sale in parcels brought \$570. The sale leaves unpaid the \$600 judgment of the Postal Telegraph Company and the \$756 judgment of W. T. O'Brien, of Durham.

## Our I's and....

## ....Other Eyes.

Our I's are just as strong as they were fifty years ago, when we have cause to use them. But we have less and less cause to praise ourselves, since others do the praising, and we are more than willing for you to see us through other eyes. This is how we look to S. F. Boyce, wholesale and retail druggist, Duluth, Minn., who after a quarter of a century of observation writes:

"I have sold Ayer's Sarsaparilla for more than 25 years, both at wholesale and retail, and have never heard anything but words of praise from my customers; not a single complaint has ever reached me. I believe Ayer's Sarsaparilla to be the best blood purifier that has been introduced to the general public." This, from a man who has sold thousands of dozens of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, is strong testimony. But it only echoes popular sentiment the world over, which has, "Nothing but words of praise for Ayer's Sarsaparilla."

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## J. C. STEVENSON &amp; TAYLOR

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We have 300 barrels and can supply the trade. The cause of recent sharp advance, is the certainty of the passage of the pending tariff, which necessarily puts it. Buy before you are left out.

## Flours

We have 1,000 barrels from Patent to Extra, compete with the mills. Send for prices.

## Coffee

Our stock is kept low, but complete in the assortment. We have been going down every time the market does, therefore we are offering bargains. Send for samples.

## Molasses and Syrups

Our stock is not surpassed in quality or price. Every grade from a Fancy Ponce to a low grade New Orleans. Prices from 14 to 20 cents. Beautiful White Sugar Syrups at 20 cents.

## Kern Soap

Laundry is made. Buy one cake and try it. Every wrapper contributes toward getting one of 170 useful and beautiful presents. If you have received through the mail a Kern present book, look inside and find a coupon calling for one cake free. Present to any retailer in the city. Nearly everybody has the Soap.

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We sell only to the dealer. We do not compete with our customer for his trade. We expect to make our living out of the retailers, therefore protect them to the utmost.

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Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.

**NO NARCOTIC**

Recipe of Old Dr. J. C. STEVENSON & TAYLOR

Pumpkin Seed - 1 lb.  
Almonds - 1 lb.  
Raspberries - 1 lb.  
Lemon Juice - 1 lb.  
Syrup - 1 lb.  
Castor Oil - 1 lb.  
Ginger - 1 lb.  
Cinnamon - 1 lb.  
Cloves - 1 lb.  
Nutmeg - 1 lb.  
Allspice - 1 lb.  
Peppermint - 1 lb.  
Wintergreen - 1 lb.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

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## BIG SLAUGHTER SALE

Of Dry Goods, Corsets, Hosiery, Embroidery, Laces, Veilings, Dress Goods, Clothing, Mattings, Oil Cloth, and last but not least, Millinery.

I have just bought out for spot cash the entire stock of Dry Goods of R. M. McIntyre on Princess street. His Dress Goods, Silks, Silklinens were beautiful, always considered the best, and, in fact, were the very best in the city. I bought them cheap and now I offer them to my customers at a low price.

Fine Corsets, made by the Globe Corset Company, worth 50c, now 35c each; Corsets, our best brand, worth 25c, now 15c; the Hipless Corset, for fat ladies, for \$1.00; the very best goods. We sell all brands, R. G. & H. P., Warner's and the Kato at 75c, best \$1.00 Corset made. Our Free-Land Warner's Corset for summer at 50c are beautiful.

DRESS GOODS—We can please you. The McIntyre stock was, without a doubt, the best selected as to color and style of any stock in the city and now it is in my store. They can be bought for at least one quarter less than he asked for them. Ladies' Dress Goods for Summer are marked very low. I am very anxious to sell them as I am very much overstocked. The double fold Novelities he asked 25c; I will sell at 12 1/2c; the 1 1/2c goods I will sell at 10c; the 50c goods I will sell at 25c; the 25c goods I will sell at 12 1/2c; and everything in the Dress Goods line in the same proportion.

Lawn for Dress, 10 yards for 25c, or 25c per yard; Batiste, worth 25c, now 15c; Calicoes, worth 50c, now 40c.

Fine all wool Challies, beautiful patterns, McIntyre's price 25c, my price 12 1/2c. Nice Wool Shalies at 5c to 10c.

The best line of fine Silklinens, worth, at his price, 12 1/2c and 15c, now 10c per yard. A fine line of Damask Upholstery, worth 50c, now 35c; better, worth 50c, now 35c. In Domestic Goods I cannot be beat. 1 yard wide fine Bleaching, beautiful goods, no dressing, at 5c. We handle all grades good Dress Plaid at 25c. Good Ginghams from 4c to the very best at 7c. Organdies in lovely summer styles from 9, 10, 12 1/2, 15 and 20c. White Goods, India Linens from 5, 8, 10 and 12 1/2 up to 35c per yard. Dotted Swiss, nice styles, from 8c to 20c per yard. Colored Dotted Swiss, worth 15c, my special price 10c per yard. Belts all prices. Fine White Kid Belts 15 and 20c; fine Leather Belts from 25c to 50c; Gents' 2-Ring Belts, heavy and strong, from 20 and 25c up to 50c.

Hair Combs, all styles, from Pocket Combs, slightly damaged at 1c, to fine 7-inch Rubber Dressing Combs at 5c up to 10c; pair Brushes from 10c up to 75c. Shoe Dressing all grades. Blush's Dressing, 4 ounce bottles at 5c; fine Oil Leather Polish for Bugby Tops and Harness, best made, at 25c; makes the leather look like new.

TABLE LINEN—If you need Table Linen see mine before you buy. In the McIntyre stock I got some beautiful Linen that I will sell cheap. I have at all prices from 15c per yard to \$1.25. In Stamped Linen, Beuren Scarfs also.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR—Gowns from 40c to \$1.50. Ladies' Corset Covers from 25c, nicely embroidered, to 40c; for less than wholesale cost. Ladies' nice Shirts from 5c to 75c.

Ladies' fine Dresses, Skirts ready made from 75c to \$5.00. These are beautiful goods, and a great deal less than you can have them made for.

Ladies' Shirt Waists 40c, 50c, 60c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25.

Men's Linen Crash Suits, nicely made, at \$1.00; better at \$2.50 a Suit, worth elsewhere \$4.50. Fine all wool Suits in nice patterns at \$3.50, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.00 and up to \$10.00 and \$12.50. I have all grades of

clothing and can suit you if you give me a trial. In fine Summer Coats (Black All-Black), at \$1.00, \$1.75 and \$2.50; Coats and Vests in Black Alpaca at \$2.50 and \$3.00; beautiful Blue Serge Coats and Vests for Summer at \$4.00; Calico Coats at 45c; Cheviots in Cotton Plaid at 25c.

ODD PANTS—I know that we can serve you with good pants for less than you can have them made, good Jean Pants, at 25c a pair; better Pants worth 60c, now 45c; fine Wool Pants worth 1.00, now 85c; pretty nice dress pants at \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.50 and \$3.00.

I have a big line of Floor Oil Cloth, the best goods made, for 30c a yard, the 10x4 Hall Oil Cloth worth \$1.25 a yard now 75c, the 8x4 at 60c; matting from 10c to 20c a yard. Fine Opaque Linen Window Shades 36x72 inches with fixtures complete, at 25c, 30c and 35c.

The summer has come and you are thinking of leaving home. For a new trunk you are invited to look at my line, from packers at 25c to \$1.50 each, zinc cover 28 inch trunk, with bottom box in tray, at \$1.10, to 36 inch to \$2.45; fine Saratoga Trunks, fully metal covered, 28 inches at \$2.40 up to 36 inches at \$4.00; canvas covered trunks, 20 inches at \$1.00, 22 inches at \$1.25; 26 inches \$1.50.

Gents' Laundered Shirts, all grades, from 35c to \$1.00 each.

Ladies' collars at 10c, cuffs at 20c; silk ties at 10c, Towels from 35c to 50c.

Gents' Collars from 3 to 12 1/2c; ties from 10c a dozen to 50c each.

Shoes and Slippers by the thousand pair. We want your shoe trade, and to get it we will give you the best value for the least money. Try me before you buy.

Last, but not least, is Millinery. We sell Ladies' Hats from 10c to \$1.00; nice trimmed hats from 50c, 75c to \$1.00, very nice, at \$1.50 and \$2.00. Salons at 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c and up to \$1.50 each. Do you need socks of any kind, ribbons of all grades and prices, we have at least 3,000 roles in stock at all times.

Laces Narrow Valenciennes from 15c a dozen to \$1.40 a dozen. White Cream and Butter Flowers, from 5c to 25c a bunch. Silk Ribbon, from 5c to 40c a yard. It is a well known fact that Mr. McIntyre carried a very fine stock of goods, and his taste and judgment as to quality and stock could be trusted. He had the fine goods at his price, now I have the same goods at your price. I have offered you a very close price to goods described above, but will offer further to give you a furniture card, or a picture card. If you spend \$5.00 in cash with me, I will give you a fine Silver Plated Set of Trays worth 25c for a \$10.00 purchase. I will give you a set of Silver Plated Knives and Forks, or I will have a nice set of cutlery, or any of your family made, life-size, free; for a \$15.00 purchase I will give you a nice Oak Center Table; for a \$25.00 purchase I will give you a fine Oak Arm Rocking Chair, a splendid 3-shelf Oak Book Case, or a very handsome Oak Center Table; for a \$50.00 purchase I will give you a fine Oak Brass Trimmings, Hall Hat and Umbrella Stand, with Bevel Plate Glass Mirror front, or a handsome Oak Book Case, or a fine Closed Writing Desk. I want the cash trade and will have it. My expenses are light and I handle car loads of goods. I pay cash for my goods, and I will sell them very low, for cash. Come and see me and bring this add. Make me to the mark, and let the chips fall when they will. You will find this long store that covers 15,000 square feet of floor room with not a foot of room to spare. Opposite The Orion Hotel, on Front street.

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